

INF-LR

INFRARED TEMPERATURE SENSOR LOW RANGE

SN: I#####

Texense sensors are designed for data logging. Should the users want to include this sensor in a closed loop system, they must undertake total responsibility from doing so.

| | | |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------|
| High temperature range HR | 200 to 1000 | °C |
| Low temperature range LR | 25 to 350 | °C |
| Accuracy ⁽¹⁾ at 25°C | 1 | %FS |
| Accuracy ⁽¹⁾ 25°C < T _{ambient} < 150°C | <10 | °C |
| Differential error HR vs LR @ 350°C | <5 | °C |
| Response time | 50 | ms |
| Supply voltage | 12V code | 6 to 16 |
| | 5V code | 5.000±0.010 |
| Supply current | 1.5 | mA |
| Dual output signal | 0-5 | V |
| Sensitive element | Thermopile with silicium lens | |
| Wave length | 8 to 14 | µm |
| Measurement distance | 30 to 100 | mm |
| Field of view (90% radiation) | 5:1 at 50mm | |
| Calibrator | DIAS CS1500 | |
| Emissivity | 99% | |
| Dimensions | 27x17x11 | mm |
| Material | Aluminum | |
| Weight (without cable) | 7 | g |
| Protection | IP65 | |
| Vibration | 50Gpp | |
| Shock ⁽²⁾ | 500 | G |
| Operating temperature | -20 to 150 | °C |
| Storage temperature | -40 to 200 | °C |

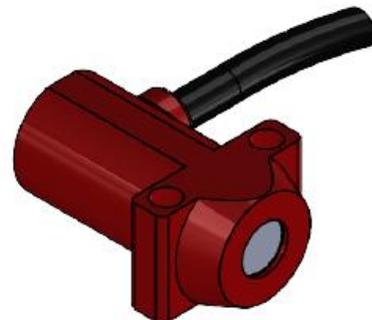
⁽¹⁾ If T_{ambient} ≤ T_{target} and T_{target} > 50°C

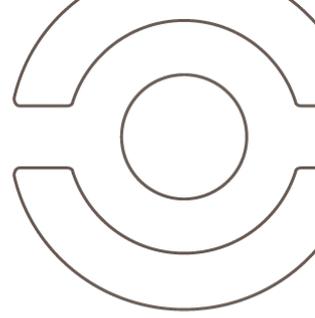
⁽²⁾ 10x 1ms shocks on 6 axis

| | | | |
|-------------|--------------------------|----------|--|
| Date | | Operator | |
| Customer | | | |
| Order | | | |
| Product Ref | INF-LR-E-12V-350-1000-## | | |

| Sensor reading | | |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Target temperature | LR output in V | HR output in V |
| 25°C | 0,500 | 0,500 |
| 350°C | 4,500 | 0,718 |
| 1000°C | - | 4,500 |

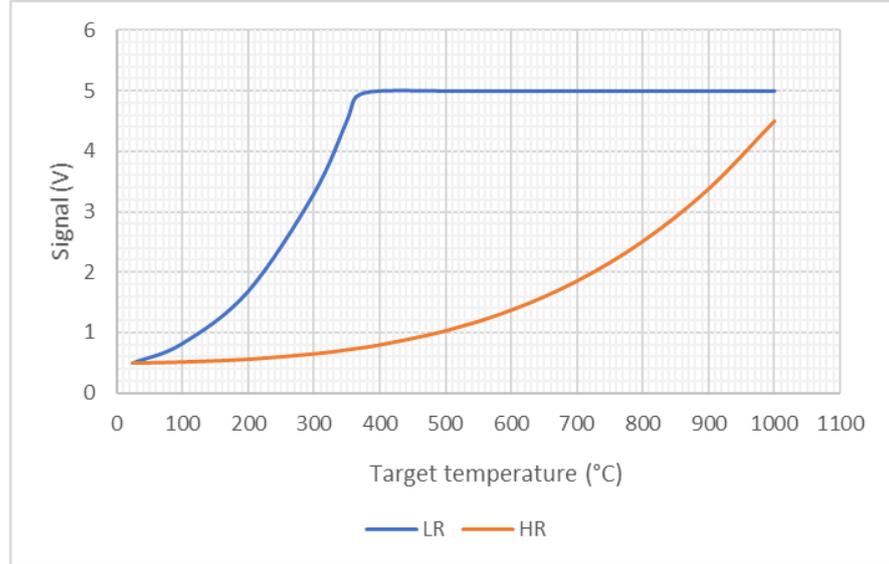
| Cable | | |
|--|------------------|-----|
| 4x28 awg Raychem 55M Length: 1000mm | | |
| Tubing: 1/8 RW-200-E-NR542 Connector: on request | | |
| Color | Function | Pin |
| Red | Supply | |
| Black | 0V | |
| White | Signal LR 350°C | |
| Green | Signal HR 1000°C | |





Calibration table

| Calibration table (Carbon target) | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Target temperature (°C) | Signal LR (V) | Signal HR (V) |
| 25 | 0,500 | 0,500 |
| 100 | 0,821 | 0,518 |
| 200 | 1,682 | 0,564 |
| 300 | 3,300 | 0,653 |
| 350 | 4,500 | 0,718 |
| 400 | 5,000 | 0,801 |
| 500 | 5,000 | 1,033 |
| 600 | 5,000 | 1,375 |
| 700 | 5,000 | 1,857 |
| 800 | 5,000 | 2,513 |
| 900 | 5,000 | 3,381 |
| 1000 | 5,000 | 4,500 |



High range response law:

$$T_{CHR} = \sqrt[4]{(V_{HR} - Offset_{HR}) \cdot Gain_{HR}} + K_T - 273$$

Reverse law:
$$V_{HR} = \frac{(T_{CHR} + 273)^4 - K_T}{Gain_{HR}} + Offset_{HR}$$

With:

| Parameter | Value / Description | Unit |
|---------------|--|------|
| T_{CHR} | Target temperature: High Range measurement | °C |
| V_{HR} | High Range output signal | V |
| $Offset_{HR}$ | 0.500 | V |
| $Gain_{HR}$ | 6.545×10^{11} | - |
| K_T | 7.556×10^9 | - |

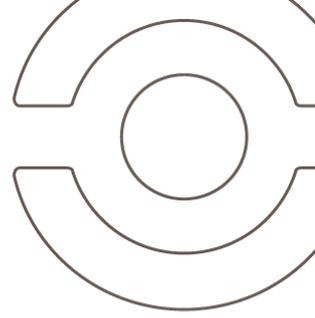
Low range response law:

$$T_{CLR} = \sqrt[4]{(V_{LR} - Offset_{LR}) \cdot Gain_{LR}} + K_T - 273$$

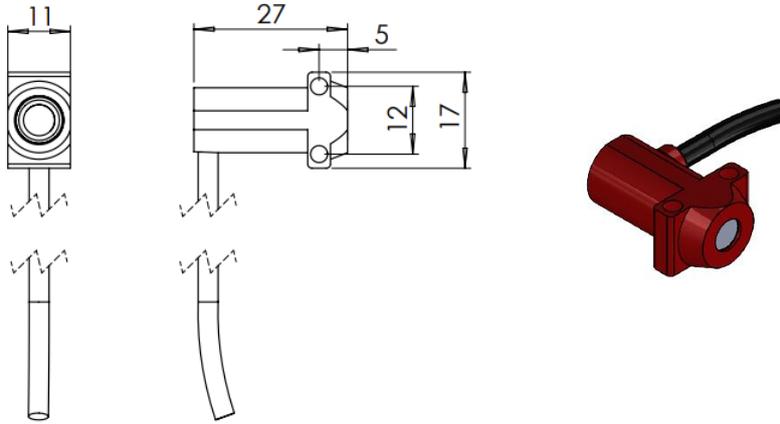
Reverse law:
$$V_{LR} = \frac{(T_{CLR} + 273)^4 - K_T}{Gain_{LR}} + Offset_{LR}$$

With:

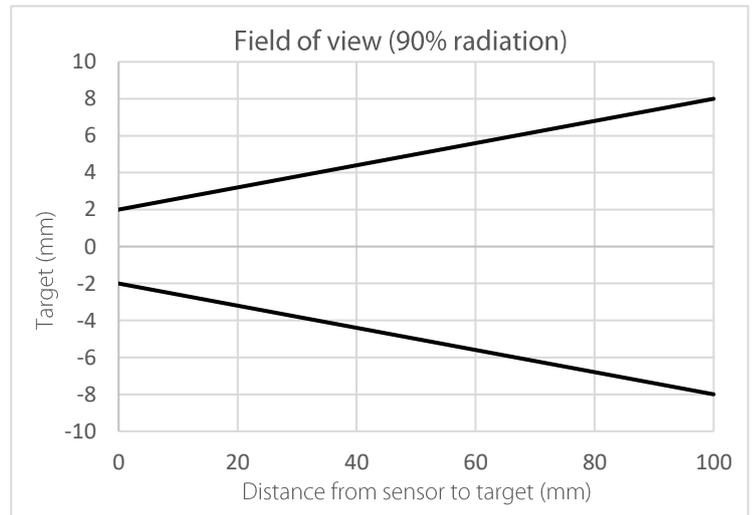
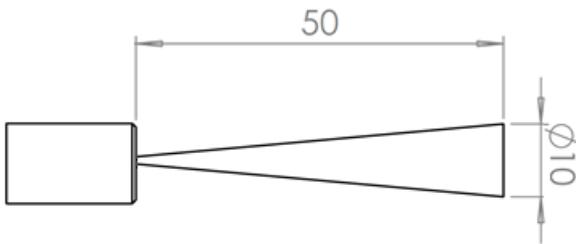
| Parameter | Value / Description | Unit |
|---------------|---|------|
| T_{CLR} | Target temperature: Low Range measurement | °C |
| V_{LR} | Low Range output signal | V |
| $Offset_{LR}$ | 0.500 | V |
| $Gain_{LR}$ | 3.569×10^{10} | - |
| K_T | 7.886×10^9 | - |



Mechanical drawing



Field of view



Ordering information

| | | |
|--|------------|--------------|
| Ordering ref: | | |
| INF-LR-E- <u>Supply</u> - <u>LowRange</u> - <u>HighRange</u> | | |
| 12V: 6 to 16V 5V: 5V | 350: 350°C | 1000: 1000°C |
| ex: INF-LR-E-12V-350-1000 | | |